

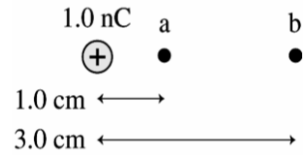
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## Physics Worksheet Potentials

### Question 1

For the situation shown in the graph, find



a) The potential at points **a** and **b**.

b) The potential difference between points **a** and **b**.

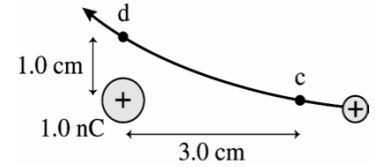
c) The potential energy of a proton at points **a** and **b**. What about an electron?

d) What is the speed at point **a** of a proton that was moving to the left at point **b** with a speed of  $4.0 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s}$ ?

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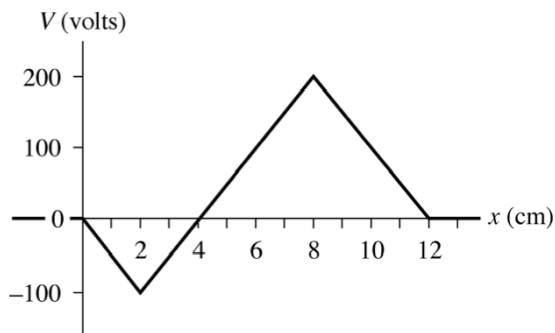
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- e) For this figure, what is the speed at point **d** of a proton that was moving to the left at point **c** with a speed  $4.0 \times 10^5$  m/s?



## Question 2

This graph shows the electric potential along the x-axis. In the space beside it, draw the potential energy diagram for a  $-20 \text{ nC}$  charged particle that moves through this potential.



Suppose this charged particle is shot from the right (at  $x > 12 \text{ cm}$ ) with a kinetic energy of  $1$  microjoule.

- Where is the point of maximum speed?
- What is the particle's kinetic energy at this speed?
- Where is the turning point?
- What is the electric field at the turning point?

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e) What is the force at the turning point?

f) What charge configuration might be responsible for this potential. Draw is below.

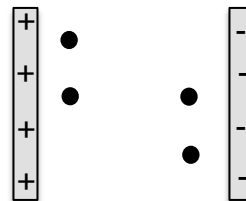
### Question 3

For each of the following configurations rank the electric potentials at the points from highest to lowest.

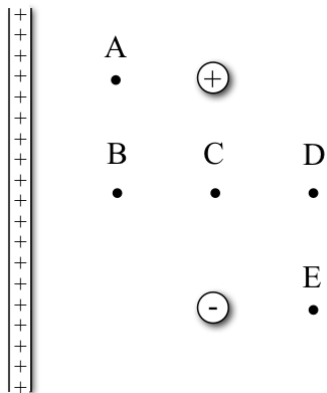
a)



b)



c)

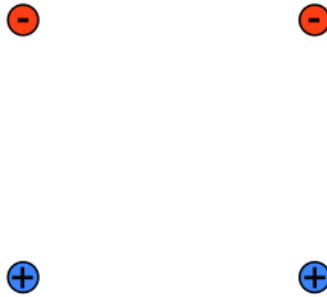


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#### Question 4

Draw the equipotentials for the charge configuration below. Be sure to label the  $V = 0$  equipotential. Also plot equipotentials that circle one and two charges. Are there ones that circle three?



#### Question 5

The potential energy between two charges  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  is given by  $U = kq_1q_2/r^2$ . What is the expression for the potential energy of three charges? Think of the work it would take to construct a system of charges. How many terms in the potential energy are there if there are 4 charges? What about  $n$  charges?

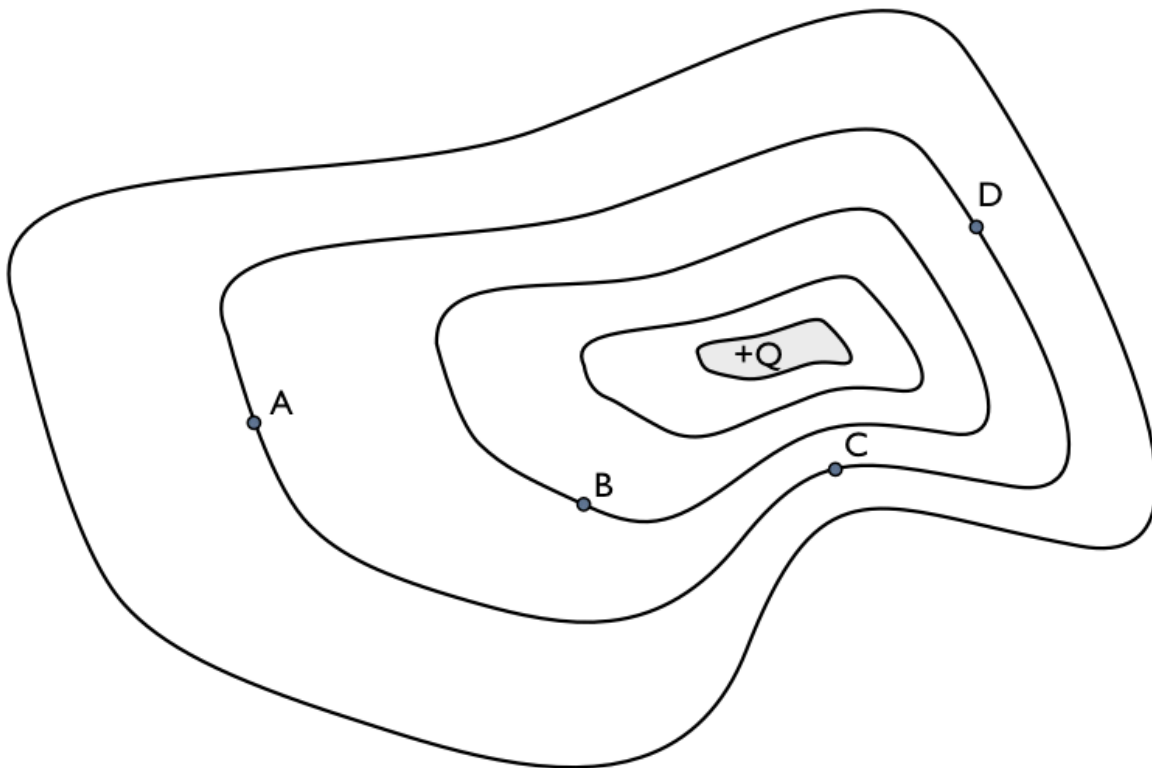
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### Question 6: Field and Potential

A bizarre, non-uniformly charged rock creates the equipotentials plotted below. The object has a positive charge  $+Q$ . Plot the electric field at points A-D. Take care to get the direction and magnitude correct.

It may help to remember that  $E_s = -dU/ds$ .



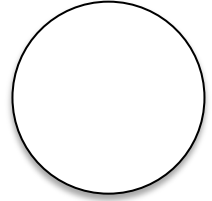
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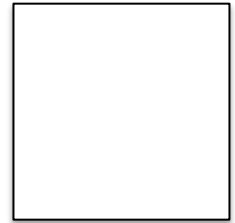
### Extra Stuff: For Fun?

#### Question 7

- a) In a charged conductor the charges arrange themselves in a lowest energy configuration. Based on what you know about forces of charges, draw how the charges are arranged in the spherical conductor below.



- b) Now consider a square conductor. How are the charges arranged? Are they spread out uniformly? Pay special attention to the corners and the forces acting on the charges. Explain your reasoning.



#### Question 8

TRIUMF houses one of the world's largest cyclotrons. A cyclotron uses a potential difference to accelerate charged particles, and a magnetic field to guide them in a circle. The TRIUMF accelerator uses a 90 kV potential to accelerate  $H^-$  ions to a kinetic energy of 520 MeV.

- a) We can crudely model the electric field in the accelerating gap as being uniform. What is the electric field if the gap is 2 cm?
- b) How many individual accelerations does a  $H^-$  ion go through until it's finally shot out of the cyclotron?
- c) In order to do this the potential must oscillate at 23 MHz, which means there are 46 million accelerations ever second. How long does it take to accelerate the  $H^-$  ion up to 520 MeV?

#### Question 10

Using the integral

$$\Delta U = -q \int_a^b \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

calculate the potential energy of a dipole and charge  $q$  lying a distance  $r$  away on the dipole's axis. Let  $E$  be the electric field of the dipole. Assume that the charge starts at a point infinitely far away from the dipole and is brought towards a point a distance  $r$  away from the charge.