NAME:

Q1. (6 points) Give the typical values for the listed quantities in simple metals. (Use appropriate units.)

 $v_F = \epsilon_F = k_F =$  $T_F = r_s = \lambda_{\mathrm{TF}} =$ 

Q2. (6 points)

a) In the Sommerfeld model how does  $c_v$  depend on T?

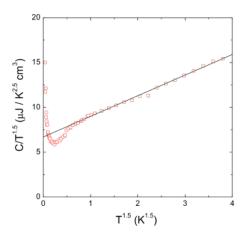
b) In the interacting electron gas in what limit one expects formation of a Wigner crystal?

c) In one sentence summarize the Landau argument for superfluidity in liquid <sup>4</sup>He.

**Q3.** (5 points) Write down the second-quantized Hamiltonian for a system of N bosons described by

$$H = \sum_{j} \frac{\mathbf{p}_{j}}{2m} + \frac{1}{2} V_{0} \sum_{i \neq j} \delta(\mathbf{r}_{i} - \mathbf{r}_{j}).$$

Q4. (3 points) The figure below shows measured specific heat in a certain 3dimensional crystalline solid. Based on this data determine if the solid is most likely to be (i) a metal, (ii) an insulating ferromagnet, or (iii) an insulating antiferromagnet. Give a brief explanation of your reasoning.



**Q5.** (5 points) Magnon density of states in a *d*-dimensional ferromagnet goes as  $D(\omega) \propto \omega^{(d-2)/2}$ . Find the *T* dependence of the specific heat. [This requires a short calculation.]